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## CHEMISTRY II

| Level & Board   | AQA (A-LEVEL)      |
|-----------------|--------------------|
|                 |                    |
| TOPIC:          | ACIDS AND BASES    |
|                 |                    |
| PAPER TYPE:     | QUESTION PAPER - 1 |
|                 |                    |
| TOTAL QUESTIONS | 10                 |
|                 |                    |
| TOTAL MARKS     | 33                 |

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## **Acids and Bases - 1**

**1.** A solution of chlorine in water is acidic.

Swimming pool managers maintain pool water at a constant pH by using a buffer.

They do so by adding sodium hydrogencarbonate and sodium carbonate.

(a) Hydrogen carbonate ions (HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>) act as a weak acid in aqueous solution.

Write an equation for this equilibrium.

(1)

**(b)**Use the equation to explain how a solution containing sodium hydrogencarbonate and sodium carbonate can act as a buffer when small amounts of acid or small amounts of alkali are added.

(3)

**2.** What is the pH of a 0.020 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> solution of a diprotic acid which is completely dissociated?

|    | <b>A.</b> 1.00 <b>B.</b> 1.40 <b>C.</b> 1.70 <b>D.</b> 4.00  |
|----|--|
|    | (1   |
| 3. | Methanoic acid (HCOOH) dissociates slightly in aqueous solution.   |
|    | (a) Write an equation for this dissociation.   |
|    | (1   |
|    | <b>(b)</b> Write an expression for the acid dissociation constant Ka for methanoic acid.                                 |
|    | (1   |
|    | (c) The value of Ka for methanoic acid is $1.78 \times 10^{-4}$ mol dm <sup>-3</sup> at 25 °C.                           |
|    | Calculate the pH of a 0.0560 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> solution of methanoic acid.  |
|    |  |
|    | — TUITION — (3   |
|    | (d)The dissociation of methanoic acid in aqueous solution is endothermic   |
|    | Deduce whether the pH of a solution of methanoic acid will increase decrease or stay the same if the solution is heated. |
|    | Explain your answer.   |

(3)

**4.** The acid dissociation constant, Ka, of a weak acid HA has the value 2.56  $\times$  10<sup>-4</sup> mol dm<sup>-3</sup>.

What is the pH of a  $4.25 \times 10^{-3}$  mol dm<sup>-3</sup> solution of HA?

- **A.** A 5.96
- **B.** 3.59
- **C.** 2.98
- **D.** 2.37

**(1)** 

**5.** A 25.0 cm<sup>3</sup> sample of 0.620 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> nitric acid was placed in a beaker and 38.2 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.550 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> aqueous sodium hydroxide were added.

Calculate the pH of the solution formed. Give your answer to 2 decimal places.

The ionic product of water  $Kw = 1.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-6}$  at 25 °C.

(6)

- **6.** Which statement about pH is correct?
  - **A.** The pH of a weak base is independent of temperature.
  - **B.** At temperatures above 298 K, the pH of pure water is less than 7.
  - C. The pH of 2.0 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> nitric acid is approximately 0.30
  - **D.** The pH of 0.10 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> sulfuric acid is greater than that of 0.10 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> hydrochloric acid.

**(1)** 

7. This question is about alkalis and carboxylic acids.

In this question, all data are quoted at 25 °C.

(a) Carboxylic acids are weak acids.

State the meaning of the term weak as applied to carboxylic acids.

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**(b)**Write an equation for the reaction of propanoic acid with sodium carbonate.

**(1)** 

(c) Calculate the pH of a 0.0120 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> solution of calcium hydroxide.

The ionic product of water  $Kw = 1.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-6}$ .

Give your answer to 2 decimal places.

(3)

**8.** What is the pH of a 0.46 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> solution of potassium hydroxide at 298 K?

 $(K_w = 1.0 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-6} \text{ at } 298 \text{ K})$ 

- **A.** 0.34
- **B.** 13.66
- **C.** 13.96
- **D.** 14.34

(1)

**9.** In order to obtain a pH curve, you are provided with a conical flask containing 25.0 cm<sup>3</sup> of a 0.100 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> carboxylic acid solution and a burette filled with 0.100 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> sodium hydroxide solution.

You are also provided with a calibrated pH meter.

(a) State why calibrating a pH meter just before it is used improves the accuracy of the pH measurement.

**(1)** 

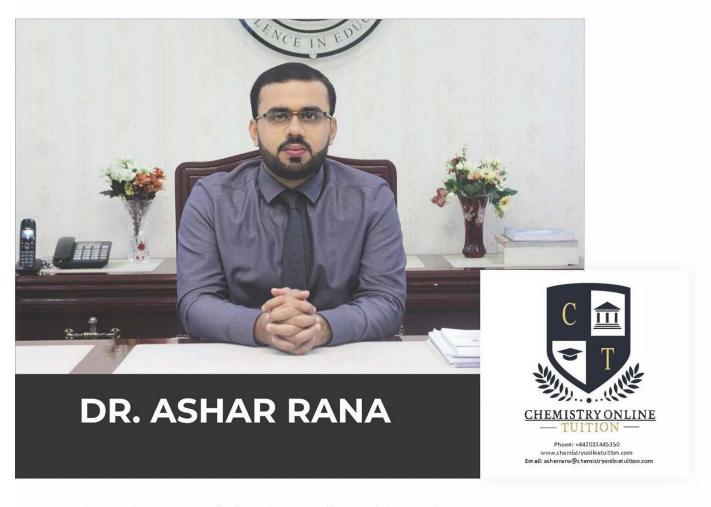
(b) Describe how you would obtain the pH curve for the titration.

(4)

**10.** Which indicator should be used in a titration to find the concentration of a solution of methylamine using 0.010 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> hydrochloric acid?

A. Thymol blue (pH range 1.2–2.8)
B. Bromophenol blue (pH range 3.0–4.6)
C. Phenol red. (pH range 6.8–8.4)
D. Phenolphthalein (pH range 8.3–10.0)

**(1)** 



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