# 9.1 The Gas Exchange System

# **Question Paper**

Course	CIE A Level Biology (9700) exams from 2022	
Section	9. Gas Exchange	
Topic	9.1 The Gas Exchange System	
Difficulty	Medium	

Time allowed: 10

Score: /10

Percentage: /100

Haemoglobin can bind to oxygen, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

- 1 Oxygen
- 2 carbon dioxide
- 3 carbon monoxide

Which gases bind to the same site?

**A** 1 and 2

**B** 1 and 3

**C** 2 and 3

**D** 1, 2 and 3

[1 mark]

## **Question 2**

Which row correctly describes a bronchiole?

	diameter (mm)	collagen and elastic fibres	site of gas exchange	cilia
Α	0.25	no	yes	yes
В	0.5	no R	no LII	NE no
С	1	yes	no	yes
D	20	yes	no	yes

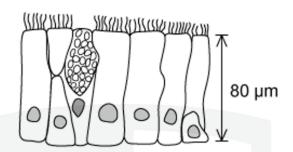
The trachea and alveoli are key structures in the human gas exchange system. Which tissues are present in each?

		cartilage	epithelium with goblet cells	smooth muscle
Α	trachea	Y	Υ	Y
A	alveoli	N	N	N
В	trachea	Y	Y	N
В	alveoli	N	Y	Y
С	trachea	Y	Y	Y
	alveoli	N	N	Y
	trachea	Y	Y	Y
D	alveoli	Y	Y	Y

Key: Y=present N=absent



The diagram shows a section of a specialised type of epithelium.



Where can this epithelium be found in the respiratory system?

	bronchus	all bronchioles	trachea
Α	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>
В	✓	X	✓
С	×	<b>/</b>	✓
D	✓	<b>✓</b>	×

Key: √= present, X= absent

[1 mark]

## **Question 5**

A scientist looks at the wall of a bronchus under an electron microscope. What would they see?

- 1 exocytotic vesicles
- 2 cartilage cells
- 3 ciliated cells
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 3 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 1, 2 and 3

Which of the following does not lead to a maximised uptake of oxygen in the lungs?

- A Binding of the first oxygen molecule increases haemoglobin's affinity for other oxygen molecules
- **B** Up to eight oxygen atoms can be bound to one haemoglobin molecule
- C Dissociation of carbon dioxide from carboxyhaemoglobin allows more haemoglobin to be available for oxygen binding
- Oxyhaemoglobin formation increases the capacity of red blood cells to transport oxygen

[1 mark]

# **Question 7**

Why do bronchioles have a folded inner lining?

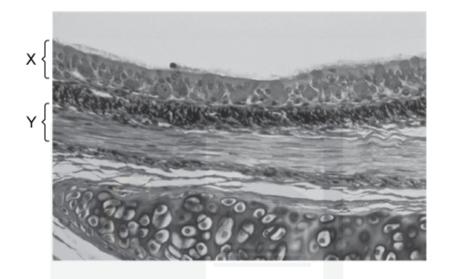
- A to trap foreign particles
- B to increase the surface area
- C to allow for expansion during breathing
- D to facilitate gaseous exchange

What is the correct order of binding affinity to haemoglobin?

	highest affinity —	→ lowest affinity	
Α	oxygen	carbon dioxide	carbon monoxide
В	oxygen	carbon monoxide	carbon dioxide
С	carbon monoxide	carbon dioxide	oxygen
D	carbon monoxide	oxygen	carbon dioxide



A cross-section of a bronchus is shown in the photomicrograph.



# What is the function of **X** and **Y**?

	x	Y	
Α	trap dust and dirt	secrete mucus	
В	secrete mucus	prevent collapse of the airway	
С	waft dust and dirt upwards	constrict airway	
D	support the airway	dilate airway	

A student was asked to describe the differences between four microscope slides of sections taken from different parts of the gas exchange system.

slide 1 not present: glands, cartilage present: few ciliated epithelial cells, smooth muscle

slide 2 present: goblet cells, incomplete cartilage rings, glands, smooth muscle, ciliated epithelial cells

slide 3 present: goblet cells, plates of cartilage, ciliated epithelial cells, glands, smooth muscle

slide 4 not present: goblet cells, cartilage, glands, smooth muscle present: squamous epithelial cells

Which is the correct identification of the parts of the gas exchange system?

	slide 1	slide 2	slide 3	slide 4
Α	bronchiole	trachea	bronchus	alveolus
В	bronchus	trachea	alveolus	bronchiole
С	bronchiole	bronchus	trachea	alveolus
D	alveolus	bronchiole	trachea	bronchus