6.1 Structure of Nucleic Acids & Replication of DNA

Question Paper

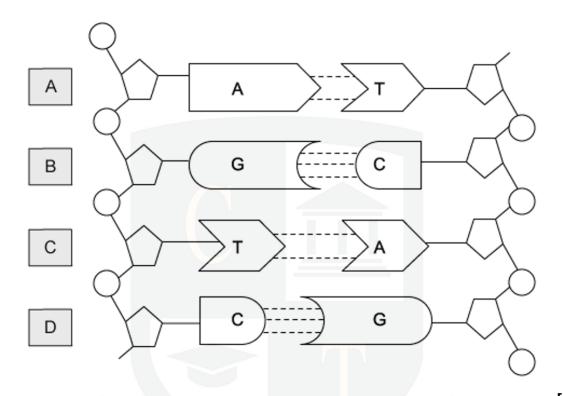
| Course | CIE A Level Biology (9700) exams from 2022 | |
|------------|---|--|
| Section | 6. Nucleic Acids & Protein Synthesis | |
| Topic | 6.1 Structure of Nucleic Acids & Replication of DNA | |
| Difficulty | Medium | |

Time allowed: 10

Score: /10

Percentage: /100

Which base pair has the mistake?



[1 mark]

CHEMISTRY ONLINE
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A short piece of DNA 19 base pairs long was analysed to find the number of nucleotide bases in each of the polynucleotide strands. Some of the results are shown below

| | number of nucleotide bases | | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Α | Т | G | С |
| strand 1 | 8 | - | - | - |
| strand 2 | - | 8 | 3 | 4 |

How many nucleotides containing adenine (A) were present in strand 2?

- **A** 2
- **B** 4
- **C** 6
- **D** 8

During semi-conservative replication of DNA, the following processes occur:

- 1 Free nucleotides are hydrogen bonded to those on the exposed strand.
- 2 The cell receives the signal to begin to divide.
- 3 Hydrogen bonds are broken between the complementary base pairs.
- **4** Covalent bonds form between adjacent nucleotides on the same strand.
- 5 The DNA double helix is unwound.

Which is the correct order of the processes?

- $\textbf{A} \qquad 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$
- $\mathbf{B} \qquad 2 \to 5 \to 3 \to 1 \to 4$
- $\textbf{C} \qquad 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5$
- $\textbf{D} \qquad 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3$

The table shows the percentages of bases in DNA from various types of cell.

| source of DNA | adenine | cytosine | guanine | thymine |
|-------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| human hair | 30 | 20 | 21 | Z |
| human liver | W | 40 | 40 | 11 |
| dog liver | 24 | 26 | 24 | 26 |
| mouse bone marrow | 23 | x | 27 | 25 |
| sunflower leaf | 11 | 41 | Y | 10 |

What is a valid deduction from this data?

A
$$W = 9$$
 $X = 24$ $Y = 38$ $Z = 29$

B W= 9
$$X = 26$$
 $Y = 37$ $Z = 31$

C W= 9
$$X = 25$$
 $Y = 38$ $Z = 29$

D W= 10
$$X = 25$$
 $Y = 37$ $Z = 30$

[1 mark]

Question 5

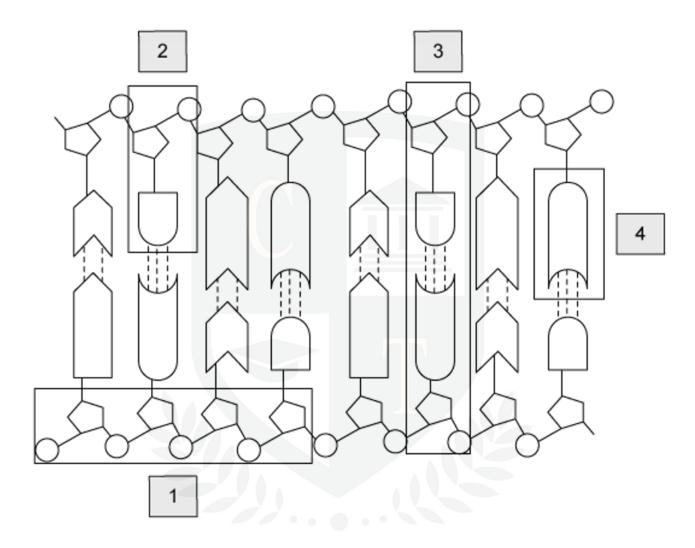
Which of the following would be a result of analysing a DNA molecule?

- An equal ratio of pentose sugars to phosphates and an equal ratio of thymine to adenine bases.
- **B** Twice as many pentose sugars as phosphates and an equal ratio of guanine to cytosine bases.
- **C** An equal ratio of hexose sugars to phosphates and an equal ratio of thymine to cytosine bases.
- **D** Twice as many hexose sugars as phosphates and an equal ratio of guanine to adenine bases.



Question 6

The diagram shows part of a DNA molecule



Which row correctly describes the highlighted sections of DNA?

| | contains a base | hydrogen bonding present | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------|--|
| Α | 2, 3 and 4 | 1 only | |
| В | 2, 3 and 4 | 3 only | |
| С | 1 ,2, 3 and 4 | 3 and 4 only | |
| D | 1 ,2, and 4 | 3 only | |

In 1957, Meselson and Stahl conducted an experiment that provided overwhelming evidence to support the theory than DNA replication was semi-conservative. They used *E. coli* which has a generation time of around one hour.

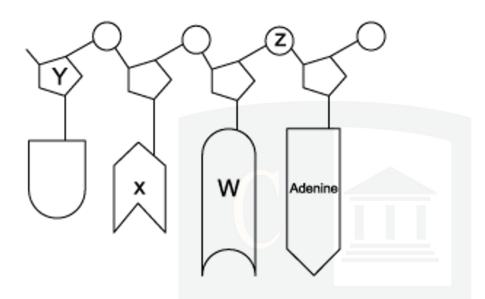
Here are the steps in their experiment in a mixed-up order

- 1 Bacteria contain either all ¹⁴N DNA or hybrid DNA
- 2 Bacteria grown in a ¹⁵N medium for many generations
- 3 Bacteria transferred to a ¹⁴N medium and sampled every hour
- 4 All bacteria contain hybrid DNA (14N DNA and 15N DNA).
- 5 All bacteria contain ¹⁵N DNA

Which is the correct order of the processes?

- $\textbf{A} \qquad 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 5$
- $\textbf{B} \quad 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5$
- $\textbf{C} \qquad 5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2$
- $\textbf{D} \qquad 2 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$

The diagram shows part of an RNA molecule.



Which row of the table below is correct?

| | uracil | phosphate | ribose | guanine |
|---|--------|-----------|--------|---------|
| Α | W | Z | Y | X |
| В | W | Υ | Z | X |
| С | X | Z | Y | W |
| D | X | Υ | Z | W |

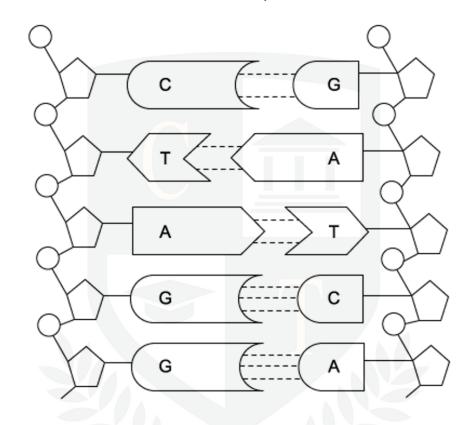
[1 mark]

Question 9

Which nucleic acid bases are pyrimidines?

- A adenine and guanine
- B thymine and adenine
- C thymine and guanine
- D cytosine and uracil

How many mistakes are there in this DNA sequence?



- **A** 1
- **B** 2
- **C** 3
- **D** 4