

Photosynthesis as an energy transfer process

Mark Scheme 8

Level	International A Level
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Photosynthesis
Sub Topic	Photosynthesis as an energy transfer process
Booklet	Theory
Paper Type	Mark Scheme 8

Time Allowed : 54 minutes

Score : / 45

Percentage : /100

Grade Boundaries:

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

- 1 (a) 1 high rate of photosynthesis at 430–435 nm and 655 nm wavelengths ;
2 idea of (high) absorption of light at these wavelengths ;
3 highest rate, at 430–435 nm ;
4 shorter wavelengths have more energy ;
5 low(er rate) in, middle range / 500–600, of wavelengths ;
6 low light absorption here ;
7 absorbed light used for photosynthesis ;
8 in light-dependent stage ; [4 max]
- (b) (i) ATP ;
reduced NADP ; [2]
- (ii) 1 ATP provides energy ;
2 reduced NADP, is reducing agent / provides hydrogen ;
3 for converting GP to TP ;
4 (ATP used to) regenerate RuBP ; [3 max]
- (c) process / photosynthesis, affected by more than one factor ;
rate is limited by the factor nearest its minimum value / AW ; [2]
- (d) 1 enters leaf through (open) stomata ;
2 by diffusion ;
3 substomatal air space ;
4 many air spaces in spongy mesophyll ;
5 spaces between palisade cells ;
6 dissolves in moisture on cell (walls) ;
7 enters through cell walls ; [4 max]

[Total: 15]

2

(a)

(i)

1. yield for sorghum is great than yield for wheat (in any soil type) ;

2. yield for wheat is bett in HWC soil / little difference in yield for sorgham ;

3. paired figs *only award if linked correctly to mp 1 or mp2*

4. sorghum is adapted to live in arid environment / AW

5. and 6. *any two of the following* ;;

feature	f
extensive / deep, root system	maximises water absorption
curled leaves / leaves small surface area / wazy leaves / bulliform leaf cells / hinged leaf cells / reduced stomata numbers / stomata in pits	reduces water loss
high silica content / more sclerenchyma / more strengthening tissue	reduces wilting

[4 max]

		(ii)	number of <u>seeds</u> sown ; density of <u>seeds</u> sown / area of plot ; minerals / fertilisers ; wind / shelter ; soil pH;	[2 max]
	(b)		1. ref. bundle sheath cell 2. light independent stage occurs / RuBP found (in bundle sheath cells) ; 3. RuBP / rubisco, kept away from, air / oxygen 4. _____ mesophyll cells ; 5. limits uptake of CO_2 / maintains high CO_2 concentration (in bundle sheath cells) ; 6. enzymes / PEP carboxylase, have high optimum temperature 7. approx _____ $^{\circ}\text{C}$; 8. not denatured	[4 max]
				[Total: 10]

3	(a)	1	stomata ;	
		2	air spaces (between cells) ;	
		3	thin cell walls ;	
		4	moist internal walls ;	
		5	<u>thin</u> leaf ;	
		6	cylindrical palisade cells ;	
		7	large surface area of, palisade / mesophyll, cells ;	[4 max]
	(b)		0.0025 / 2.5×10^{-3} ; A 0.003 only if 0.0025 in answer	[1]
	©	1	photosynthesis takes place ;	
		2	oxygen is produced ;	
		3	collects, inside disc / on surface of disc ;	
		4	disc, less dense / more buoyant ;	[3 max]
	(d)		<u>rate</u> of photosynthesis increases as light intensity increases ; paired data quotes from columns 2 and 4 ;	[2]
	(e)	1	light intensity no longer limiting ;	
		2	<u>carbon dioxide</u> , concentration / rate of diffusion, now limiting ;	
		3	temperature, too high / denatures enzymes ;	[2 max]
				[Total: 12]

- 4 (a) (i) ribulose ; [1]
(ii) ribulose biphosphate carboxylase / rubisco ; [1]
(iii) stroma ; stoma [1]
(iv) ATP / reduced NADP ; R reduced NAD [1]
- (b) 1 light independent reaction / Calvin cycle, continues ;
2 RuBP (still) converted to GP ;
3 until used up ; *link to 2*
4 light dependent reaction stops ;
5 no, ATP / reduced NADP, produced ;
6 RuBP not regenerated ;
7 GP, converted to TP / used to make hexose ; [4 max]

[Total: 8]

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