

Homeostasis in plants

Mark Scheme 1

Level	International A Level
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Homeostasis
Sub Topic	Homeostasis in plants
Booklet	Theory
Paper Type	Mark Scheme 1

Time Allowed : 58 minutes

Score : / 48

Percentage : /100

Grade Boundaries:

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

- 1 (a) *self-pollination* **ora** for *cross-pollination*
- 1 gamete / alleles / genes / DNA, come(s) from one parent ;
 - 2 gives, less genetic variation / more genetic uniformity ;
 - 3 results in inbreeding ;
 - 4 increases homozygosity / decreases heterozygosity ; [max 3]
- (b) anthers and stigma / stamens and carpels, closer together ; [1]
- (c)
- 1 range of flower size in original population ;
 - 2 genetic variation (affecting flower size) in original population ; I mutation
 - 3 change in environment / selection pressure,
is absence of, bees / insect pollination (in greenhouse) ;
 - 4 plants with small, flowers / petals, are,
selected for / reproduce / at a selective advantage ; **ora**
 - 5 alleles for small size passed to offspring ; **ora** I gene
 - 6 frequency of, advantageous / smallness, allele increases ; **ora**
 - 7 directional selection ;
 - 8 temperature / irrigation / space / competition, different in field and glasshouse ;
 - 9 small size explanation linked to factor in mp8 ; [max 5]

[Total: 9]

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2 (a) stomata in, pits/cavities/chambers/crypts ; I sunken stomata

no stomata on upper surface ;

few stomata ;

hairs/trichomes ;

thick (waxy) cuticle ;

thick walled epidermal cells ;

several layers of, upper epidermis/hypodermis ;

[max 3]

(b) 300 ;;

(18 000/60 or 19 000/60 or 20 000/6)

allow one mark

if correct measurement is divided by magnification but incorrect conversion factor is used if answer not to nearest 100 μm

[2]

(c) 1 loss of water vapour from, leaves/aerial parts of the plant ;

2 water evaporates from, walls/surface, of mesophyll cells ;

3 into air spaces ;

4 water vapour diffuses(out to atmosphere) ; **A** water if mp2 awarded

5 through open stomata (to atmosphere) ;

6 down a water potential gradient ;

A idea that water potential gradient established

[max 4]

[Total: 9]

- 3 (a) (guard cell) thicker inner / unevenly thickened, cell wall ; **ora**
ref. to differences in, size / shape ; [1 max]
- (b) (i) (receptors) on plasma / cell surface, membrane (of guard cells) ; [1]
(ii) K^+ / potassium ; [1]
(iii) (guard cell has) higher water potential than epidermal cell ; **ora** [1]
(iv) decrease ; [1]
- (c) (i) provides carbon dioxide ; [1]
(ii) 0.1 ;
% per minute ; *reject plural* [2]
(iii) 0 – 10 mins / initially, rate for **B** is faster than rate for **A** ;
10 – 20 mins / AW, rate decreases for **B** and not for **A** / rate decreases more for **B** ;
paired figs ; *A & B % at same time (minutes)* [2 max]
(iv) no, photosynthesis / light dependent reaction ;
oxygen used up in respiration ; [2]
(v) temperature ; [1]
- (d) reduced NADP ;
ATP ; [2]

[Total: 15]

4 (a) *accept ABA for abscisic acid*

1. stress hormone ;
2. plant secretes ABA in, high temperatures / dry conditions ;
3. ABA binds to receptors ;
4. on plasma membranes of guard cells ;
5. inhibits proton pump / H^+ not pumped out of cell ;
6. high H^+ conc / positive charge, inside cell ;
7. K^+ diffuses out of cell ;
8. water potential of cell increases ; **A** increase in solute potential
9. water moves out of cell by osmosis ;
10. volume of guard cells decreases ;
11. guard cells become flaccid ;
12. response very fast ;

[8 max]

- (b)
13. (barley) seed is, dormant / metabolically inactive ;
 14. seed absorbs water ;
 15. embryo produces gibberellin ;
 16. gibberellin stimulates aleurone layer ;
 17. to produce amylase ;
 18. amylase hydrolyses starch ;
 19. in endosperm ;
 20. to maltose / glucose ;
 21. embryo uses sugars for respiration ;
 22. energy used for growth ;
 23. gibberellins affect, gene / transcription of mRNA, coding for amylase ;

[7 max]

[Total: 15]

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