Human Influences on Ecosystems Mark Scheme 10

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	CIE
Торіс	Human Influences on Ecosystems
Paper Type	(Extended) Theory Paper
Booklet	Mark Scheme 10

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Time Allowed:	64 minutes
Score:	/53
Percentage:	/100

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1	(a	(i)	maintain constant temperature/prevent heat from the lamp heating the water/absorbs heat from the lamp/heat shield ;		1 mark for 'controlling' 1 mark for 'measuring'
			(thermometer) to measure/check/monitor/record, water;		
			prevent temperature (change), influencing/affecting, the results/ rate of photosynthesis ;		
			temperature is a, control(led)/standardised, variable;	[max 2]	
		(ii)	maintain constant light intensity;		1 mark for 'controlling'
			(light meter) to measure/check/monitor/record, the light intensity;		1 mark for 'measuring'



Question	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	prevent light intensity (change) influencing/affecting the, results/ rate of photosynthesis;		
	make sure the lamp is always, in the same place/at right distance;		A (ruler) to measure the distance between lamp and plant
	light, intensity/level, is dependent on distance;		
	light intensity is, a controlled/standardised, variable;	[max 2]	
(b) (i)	rate/photosynthesis/bubbles:		units must be used at least once anywhere in the answer to award marking
	increases as carbon dioxide concentration increases and then, levels off AW ;		points that require them
	increases to 0.40 % ; A rate remains constant above 0.40%		A bpm for bubbles per minute
	little / slow, increase up to 0.1 % ; ora		
	one data quote with CO_2 concentration and rate with units ;	[max 3]	
(ii)	carbon dioxide/CO ₂ , concentration/%/level/availability;	[1]	R 'amount of carbon dioxide'
(iii)	ref to <u>limiting factor</u> in suitable context ;		
	carbon dioxide (concentration), is no longer limiting/AW;	TIN	F
	light, intensity/level, could be limiting/AW ;	LIII	
	reference to light providing <u>energy</u> for photosynthesis;		
	temperature could be limiting/AW;		
	reference to temperature influencing the activity of enzymes;	[ma 4]	

Question	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	chloroplast/chlorophyll/number of leaves/size of plant, could be limiting factor ;		
(c)	measure <u>volume</u> (of oxygen/gas);		
	use, inverted test-tube/measuring cylinder/syringe (barrel);		
	reference to, graduations/markings ; A 'take readings from'/'record results'		
	filled with water ;		
	gas collects at the top and pushes out the water/downward displacement of water;		
	gas syringe ;		
	attached by (delivery) tube to, flask/AW;		
	oxygen sensor;		
	data logger for any other suitable electronic method;		
	reference to equilibration/described;		
	reference to time period ; A rate = volume divided by time	[max 3]	E
(d) (i)	use/combustion/burning, of fossil fuels;		A named fossil fuel(s) A named example, e.g. increased use of
	reason for increased demand for energy;		cars/heating/air-conditioning
	carbon dioxide from, volcanic activity/volcanoes;	[max 2]	

Question	Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	deforestation ;		
	burning of, forests/trees;		
(ii)	carbon dioxide is a greenhouse gas ;		R 'ozone causes greenhouse effect'
	(enhanced) greenhouse effect (in context of carbon dioxide);		R ozone causes greenhouse enect
	heat/infra-red/long wavelength radiation, radiated/emitted, from /		A reflected as an alternative to radiated
	absorbed/trapped/AW, by, carbon dioxide/greenhouse gases;		impere LN/ light (visible light/(scler)
	travels/AW, back to the surface ;		ignore UV light/visible light/(solar) radiation
	heat cannot, leave (from the atmosphere)/pass into outer space ;	[ma 4]	
		[Total: 21]	



2	(a	(i)	Caenorhabditis ;	[1]	
		(ii)	thread-like bodies/filamentous/filament-like ; unsegmented body ; hydrostatic skeleton ; body, tapers/is pointed, at, one/both, ends ; through gut/mouth and anus ; relatively large pharynx/sucking mouthparts ;	max [2]	
	(b)		prevents accumulation of dead matter/removes (organic) waste ; recycles nutrients/named nutrient(s) ; releases (carbon as) carbon dioxide ; (carbon dioxide) for photosynthesis ; decreases particle size of food for decomposers ; ref to energy flow in, food chain/food web/ecosystem ;	max [3]	R energy cycling/recycling
	(c)	(i)	gametes from same individual ; self-fertilisation / described ; only new source of variation is mutation ; variation produced by meiosis ;	max [2]	
		(ii)	6;	[1]	

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2	(iii)	P meiosis		
		reduction division/chromosome number is halved ;		
		prevents doubling of chromosome number, with each generation/when gametes fuse together/at fertilisation ;		producing haploid gametes = 2
		ref to haploid (cells/gametes/sex cells) ; gamete/sex cell, production ;		
		Q mitosis		
		growth is taking place ; producing (genetically) identical cells ; more diploid cells ;	max [3]	
(d)		in chromosomes ; in the nucleus ; in mitochondria ;	max [2]	A in plasmids ;



Qu	esti	ion		Marks	Additional Guidance
3	(a	(i)	xylem;	1	
		(ii)	thick/lignified, cell walls; for support;		one feature linked to a reason max 1 for feature
			lignin; cell walls are waterproof/no water leaks out;		
			long/hollow/no cytoplasm/no organelles/no end walls; water passes through easily/low resistance (to flow);		
			pits; for lateral movement;		
			AVP;;	max 2	
	(b)		 transpiration/transpiration pull; creates a, tension/negative pressure; water potential gradient; osmosis into leaf cells; continuous column of water; cohesion of water molecules/described; adhesion of water to, cell wall/xylem; water evaporates, into airspaces (in mesophyll); 		I water into roots I water concentration
			 9 water (vaporates, into anspaces (in mesophyn), 9 water (vapour), diffuses/passes, out through stomata; 10 root pressure; 	max 4	A evaporates



Question		Marks	Additional Guidance
3 (C) (i)	 two peaks; at 10 h, and 14/15 h; no water conduction before 4 h; slow/gradual, increase from 4 h to 6 h/7 h; maximum water conduction rate of 2.4 dm³ per hour; steep increase in rate of water conduction at 7 h/7.5 h; decrease in rate of water conduction after 14.5 – 15 h; any other data quote; 	max 3	Correct units (dm ³ per hour) for water conduction must be stated at least once. If no units at all, only penalise once. A at 15 h
(ii)	add the volume (of water conducted) for each hour / calculate area under curve/AW;	1	A half hour
(iii)	possible reasons: different rates of transpiration; different numbers of leaves/different surface areas; different rates of evaporation; factors affecting transpiration: (sun)light/shade; temperature/heat; humidity; wind speed;		
	different species; different diameters of xylem/AW; any feature of leaf structure; e.g. thickness of cuticle/ stomatal density/hairs length of roots; different ages; AVP;	max 3	IE

Question		Marks	Additional Guidance
3 (d)	abiotic: increase in carbon dioxide, concentration/production; decrease in oxygen, concentration/production; increased soil erosion; reduced soil fertility; less soil water/faster flow of water from the land; increased, flooding/landslips; disrupts water cycle; greater exposure/AW;		I global warming/greenhouse effect A less decomposition I desertification A silting of rivers
	biotic: habitat/ecosystem, loss; disruption to, food chain/food webs; less biodiversity; extinction described; seeds germinate/seedlings grow/regeneration; AVP;	max 4	 A 'loss of/no, food' A 'species die out'/local extinction examples of AVP: organisms exposed to greater, grazing/ predation
		[Total: 18]	

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