Plant Nutrition

Question Paper 5

Level	IGCSE
Subject	Biology
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Plant Nutrition
Paper Type	(Extended) Theory Paper
Booklet	Question Paper 5

Time Allowed: 72 minutes

Score: /60

Percentage: /100

One has been completed for you. allows the passage of the anther pollen tube to the ovary attracts insects petal for pollination produces sepal pollen grains protects the flower style when in bud the surface on which the pollen lands during stigma pollination [4] (b) Describe how the stigmas of wind-pollinated flowers differ from the stigmas of insectpollinated flowers. Relate these differences to the use of wind as the pollinating agent. (c) Discuss the implications to a species of self-pollination. [3]

(a) Using straight lines, match the names of the flower parts with their functions.

2 Fig. 2.1 shows crop productivity for a range of plants but the bar graph is incomplete.

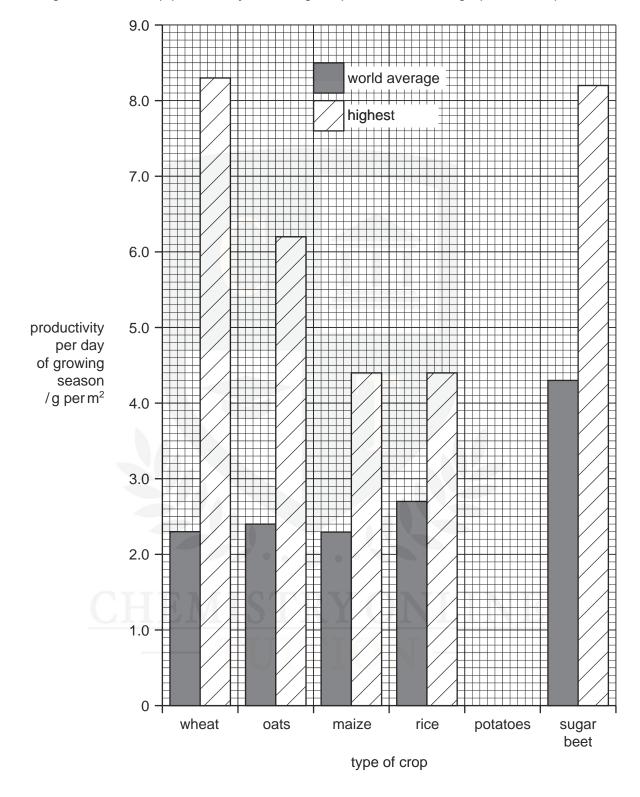


Fig. 2.1

(a) Complete Fig. 2.1 using the following data.

crop	productivity per day of growing season/g per m ²	
	world average	highest yield
potatoes		5.6

(i) the highest average productivity,

(ii) the greatest difference between the average yield and the highest yield.

[2]

(c) Outline how modern technology could be used to increase the productivity of a crop from the average yield to a high yield.

[3]

(d) When the yield is measured, dry mass is always used rather than fresh mass.

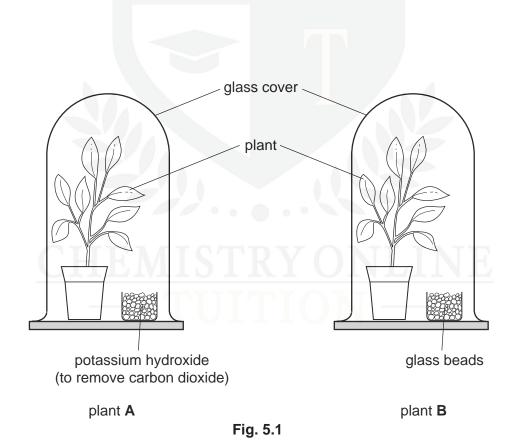
Suggest why dry mass is a more reliable measurement than fresh mass.

[2]

(e)	Mai	ize is often used to feed cows, which are grown to provide meat for humans.	
		plain why it is more efficient for humans to eat maize rather than meat from co t have been fed on maize.	ows
			•••••
			[3]
(f)	(i)	Complete the equation for photosynthesis.	
		$6CO_2 + 6H_2O \xrightarrow{\text{light energy}} C_6H_{12}O_6 + \dots$	[1]
	(ii)	Describe how leaves are adapted to trap light.	
			•••••
			[2]
	(iii)	With reference to water potential, explain how water is absorbed by roots.	
		CHEMISTRYONITME	[3]
	(iv)	Explain how photosynthesising cells obtain carbon dioxide.	
			[2]
		[Total:	191

3 An experiment was carried out to find out if carbon dioxide is needed for photosynthesis.

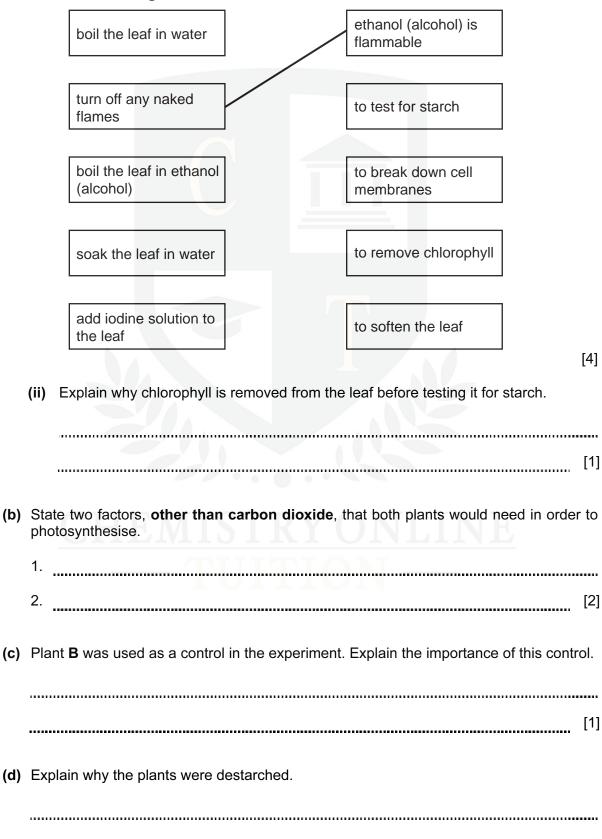
Stage 1.	Two plants, A and B , of the same size and species were kept in a dark place for 48 hours.
Stage 2.	A leaf from each plant was then tested for the presence of starch using iodine solution, to show that destarching was complete.
Stage 3.	Both plants were placed in sealed glass containers, for 24 hours, as shown in Fig. 5.1. Plant A was in the presence of potassium hydroxide beads (which absorb carbon dioxide). Plant B was in the presence of glass beads. All other conditions needed for photosynthesis were provided for both plants.
Stage 4.	After 24 hours a leaf from each plant was tested for the presence of starch.



The stages involved in testing a leaf for starch are shown below. (a) (i) The stages are in the correct sequence, but the reasons are in the wrong order. Use straight lines to match the stages with the correct reasons. One has been done for you.

reason

stage



(e) Complete the table. Use ticks and crosses to show if the starch test for plants A and B would be positive (✓) or negative (×) at stage 2 and stage 4. In each case, explain your answer.

stage	leaf from plant	starch test (✓ or ×)	explanation
2	A and B		
4	Α		
4	В		

[3]

(f) In a further experiment, another destarched plant was kept in the dark.

The concentration of carbon dioxide in the container was measured at regular intervals and was found to increase with time.

Explain why the concentration of carbon dioxide increased.	
	[3]
CHEMISIKI UNLINE	[Total: 15]

- 4 (a A typical dicotyledonous leaf contains a number of different types of cells, including: guard cells, palisade mesophyll, spongy mesophyll and upper epidermal cells.
 Using the types of cells listed above, complete the table by
 - (i) writing the types of cells in the order that sunlight passes through them,
 - (ii) stating the proportion of chloroplasts in each of the types of cells. Use the terms **none**, **some** and **many**.

type of cell	number of chloroplasts

[3]

Stomatal pores are surrounded by pairs of guard cells. When the stomata are closed the rate of photosynthesis is affected, due to a limiting factor.

(b)	(i)	Write a balanced equation, using chemical symbols , for the process photosynthesis.	of
			[2]
	(ii)	Define the term <i>limiting factor.</i>	
			[2]
	(iii)	State the factor that limits photosynthesis when the stomata are closed.	
			[1]

(c)	Vas	scular bundles, containing xylem and phloem tissue, are situated in the leaf.	
	(i)	Describe the structure of xylem tissue.	
			[3]
	(ii)	State the functions of xylem and phloem.	
		Function of xylem	
		Function of phloem	
			[4]
(d)		me plants close their stomata during the hottest part of the day, despite the efotosynthesis. Suggest what benefit this might be to the plants.	ffect on
			[1]
			 otal: 16]
			tai. roj