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# **CHEMISTRY**

### **MULTIPLE CHOICE - 7**

**CHEMICAL BONDING** 

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#### **CHEMICAL BONDING - 7**

#### 1) Helping concepts

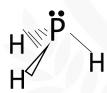
N-2 and N-4 each has a Ions pair of electrons to form a co - ordinate (dative) bond with  $Mg^{2+}$ 

$$\mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{M}g^{2+} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

N-1 and N-3 each receives an electron from Mg to form  $Mg^{2+}$  to form  $Mg^{2+}$ ) Hence, the interaction is ionic.

#### 2) Helping concepts

PH<sub>3</sub> is trigonal pyramidal.



#### 3) Helping concept

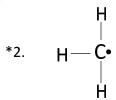
Being a metal, Cu has a lattice of the metal cations in sea of delocalised electrons.

The attraction between the cations and the electrons constitutes the metaliic bonds.

#### 4) Helping concept

\*1. 
$$Cu^{2+}$$
: [Ar]3d<sup>9</sup>

$$0^{2-}: 1s^22s^22p^6$$



\*3. 
$$\Sigma N = 0$$

#### 5) Helping Concepts

- 1.  $1_2$  exists as diatomic molecules and hence does not have a giant lattice.
- \*2. \*3. Both sodium (a metal) and sodium indide (an ionic compound) have . giant lattices.

#### 6) Helping Concept

\*1. Bonding angle of H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup> is bigger since there is only 1 Ione pair versus 2 Ione pairs in H<sub>2</sub>O

2.  $C_2H_6$ : 109.5°;  $C_2H_4$ : 120°

3.  $HCO_3^-: 120^0; CO_2: 180^0$ 

#### 7) Helping Concept

In each layer, each C atom uses 3 electrons to form  $\sigma$  bonds with 3 other C atoms (hence 2 and 3 are correct). This leaves behind a Ione electron on each C atom and this forms a layer of delocalised electrons (1 is correct).

#### 8) Helping Concept

- 1. In cyclohexene, the electrons in the  $\pi$  bonds i2s localised between 2 carbon atoms.
- \*2 Within each layer, the Ione electron of each sp<sup>2</sup> hydridised C atom overlaps with those of the adiacent C atoms, forming a delocalised cloud of  $\pi$  electrons.
- \*3. Being a metal, na consits of a lattice of Na<sup>+</sup> immersed in a sea of mobile electron cloud.

**Note**: It is due to the presence of delocalised electron cloud that makes graphite and Na conductors of electricity

#### 9) Helping Concept

\*1.  $Al_2O_3$  and  $Al_2Cl_6$  is simple molecular.

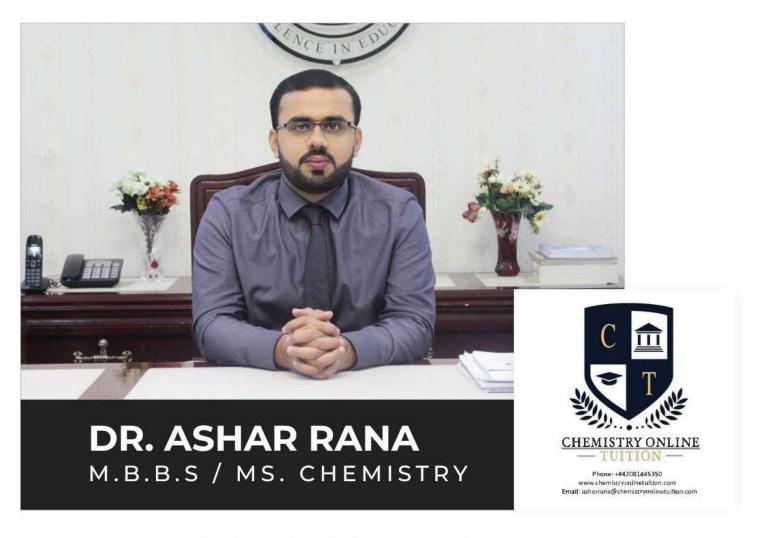
- 2.  $SiO_2$  is giant covalent;  $SiCl_4$  is simple molecular.
- 3.  $P_4O_{10}$  and  $PCl_3$  are simple molecular.

#### 10) Helping Concept

Having a diamond structure with strong covalent bonds between Si and C atoms, SiC has a high melting point, is resistant to corrosion adn is less likely to deform under compression. Its physical properties are similar to those of diamond.







- Founder & CEO of Chemistry Online Tuition Ltd.
- · Completed Medicine (M.B.B.S) in 2007
- Tutoring students in UK and worldwide since 2008
- · CIE & EDEXCEL Examiner since 2015
- · Chemistry, Physics, Math's and Biology Tutor

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