1.1 Physical Quantities & Units

Question Paper

Course	CIE A Level Physics (9702) 2019-2021
Section	1. Physical Quantities & Units
Topic	1.1 Physical Quantities & Units
Difficulty	Easy

Time allowed: 10

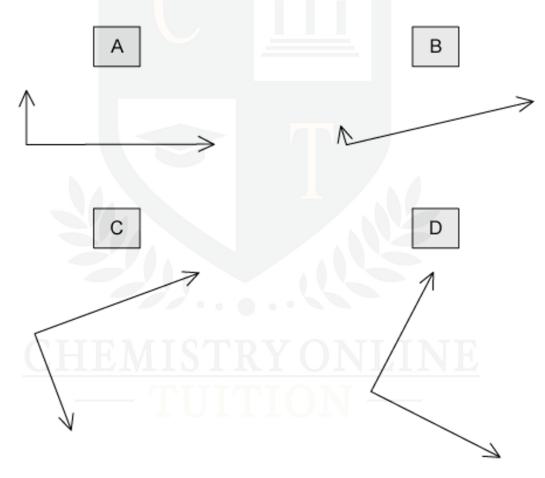
Score: /10

Percentage: /100

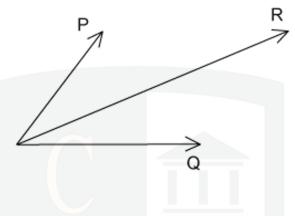
The arrow represents the vector ${\bf R}$.



Which diagram does **not** represent **R** as two perpendicular components?



Two physical quantities ${\bf P}$ and ${\bf Q}$ are added together. The sum of ${\bf P}$ and ${\bf Q}$ is ${\bf R}$, as shown in the diagram.



Which quantity could be represented by P and by Q?

- A kinetic energy
- **B** power
- C speed
- **D** velocity

[1 mark]

Question 3

Which quantity can be measured in electronvolts (eV)?

- A electric charge
- **B** electric potential
- **C** energy
- **D** power

Which statement includes a correct unit?

- A energy = 7.8 Ns
- B force = 3.8 Ns
- **C** momentum = 6.2 Ns
- **D** torque = 4.7 Ns

[1 mark]

Question 5

Which pair contains one vector and one scalar quantity?

- A displacement acceleration
- **B** force kinetic energy
- C momentum velocity
- **D** power speed

Which product-pair of metric prefixes has the greatest magnitude?

- A pico × mega
- B nano × kilo
- C micro × giga
- D milli x tera

[1 mark]

Question 7

What is a reasonable estimate of the average gravitational force acting on a fully grown woman standing on the Earth?

- **A** 60 N
- **B** 250 N
- **C** 350 N
- **D** 650 N

[1 mark]

5

Five energies are listed below.

- 5 kJ
- 5 mJ
- 5 MJ
- 5 nJ

Starting with the smallest first, what is the order of increasing magnitude of these energies?

- A $5kJ \rightarrow 5 mJ \rightarrow 5 MJ \rightarrow 5nJ$
- **B** $5nJ \rightarrow 5 kJ \rightarrow 5MJ \rightarrow 5 mJ$
- $\textbf{C} \hspace{0.5cm} 5\text{nJ} \rightarrow 5 \hspace{0.1cm} \text{mJ} \rightarrow 5\text{kJ} \rightarrow 5 \hspace{0.1cm} \text{MJ}$
- **D** 5 mJ \rightarrow 5nJ \rightarrow 5kJ \rightarrow 5 MJ

[1 mark]

Question 9

Which definition is correct and uses only quantities rather than units?

- A density is mass per cubic metre
- **B** potential difference is energy per unit current
- **C** pressure is force per unit area
- D speed is distance travelled per second

Which of the following is an SI base unit?

- A current
- **B** gram
- C Kelvin
- **D** volt

