

# Uniform Electric Fields

## Mark Scheme 3

<b>Level</b>	International A Level
<b>Subject</b>	Physics
<b>Exam Board</b>	CIE
<b>Topic</b>	Electric Fields
<b>Sub Topic</b>	Uniform Electric Fields
<b>Paper Type</b>	Theory
<b>Booklet</b>	Mark Scheme 3

**Time Allowed:** 68 minutes

**Score:** /56

**Percentage:** /100

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A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

- 1 (a) (i) *either*  $\text{force} = e \times (V / d)$  *or*  $E = V/d$  C1  
 $= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times (250 / 7.6 \times 10^{-3})$  C1  
 $= 5.3 \times 10^{-15} \text{ N}$  A1 [3]
- (ii) *either*  $\Delta E_K = eV$  *or*  $\Delta E_K = Fd$  C1  
 $= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 250$   $= 5.3 \times 10^{-15} \times 7.6 \times 10^{-3}$  M1  
 $= 4.0 \times 10^{-17} \text{ J}$  A0 [2]  
*(allow full credit for correct working via calculation of a and v)*
- (iii) *either*  $\Delta E_K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$  C1  
 $4.0 \times 10^{-17} = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \times v^2$  A1 [2]  
 $v = 9.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m s}^{-1}$   
*or*  $v^2 = 2as$  *and*  $a = F/m$   
 $v^2 = (2 \times 5.3 \times 10^{-15} \times 7.6 \times 10^{-3}) / (9.11 \times 10^{-31})$  (C1)  
 $v = 9.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  (A1)
- (b) speed depends on (electric) potential difference M2  
*(If states  $\Delta E_K$  does not depend on uniformity of field, then award 1 mark, treated as an M mark)*  
so speed always the same A1 [3]

2	(a) force <u>per unit positive</u> charge (on a small test charge)	B1	[1]
	(b) field strength = $(210 / \{1.5 \times 10^{-2}\}) = 1.4 \times 10^4 \text{ N C}^{-1}$	A1	[1]
	(c) (i) acceleration = $Eq / m$ $= (1.4 \times 10^4 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}) / (9.1 \times 10^{-31})$ $= 2.5 \times 10^{15} \text{ m s}^{-2} \quad (2.46 \times 10^{15})$ towards positive plate / upwards (and normal to plate)	C1 C1 A1 B1	[4]
	(ii) time = $2.4 \times 10^{-9} \text{ s}$	A1	[1]
	(d) <i>either</i> vertical displacement after acceleration for $2.4 \times 10^{-9} \text{ s}$ $= \frac{1}{2} \times 2.46 \times 10^{15} \times (2.4 \times 10^{-9})^2$ $= 7.1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$ (0.71 cm < 0.75 cm and) so will pass between plates <i>i.e. valid conclusion based on a numerical val</i>  or $0.75 \times 10^{-2} = \frac{1}{2} \times 2.46 \times 10^{15} \times t^2$ <i>t</i> is time to travel 'half-way across' plates = $2.47 \times 10^{-9} \text{ s}$ (2.4 ns < 2.47 ns) so will pass between plates <i>i.e. valid conclusion based on a numerical value</i>	C1 A1 A1  (C1) (A1) (A1)	[3]
3	(a) force must be upwards (on positive charge) so plate Y is positive	M1 A1	[2]
	(b) (i) $E = V / d$ $= 630 / (0.75 \times 10^{-2})$ $= 8.4 \times 10^4 \text{ N C}^{-1}$	C1  A1	[2]
	(ii) $qE = mg$ $q = (9.6 \times 10^{-15} \times 9.8) / (8.4 \times 10^4)$ $= 1.12 \times 10^{-18} \text{ C}$	C1 C1 A1	[3]

4	(a) (i)	lines normal to plate and equal spacing (at least 4 lines) direction from (+) to earthed plate	B1 B1	[2]
	(ii)	$E = 160/0.08$ $= 2.0 \times 10^3 \text{ V m}^{-1}$	M1 A0	[1]
	(b) (i)	correct directions with line of action of arrows passing through charges	B1	[1]
	(ii)	force $= Eq$ $= 2.0 \times 10^3 \times 1.2 \times 10^{-15}$ $= 2.4 \times 10^{-12} \text{ N}$	C1 A1	[2]
	(iii)	couple $= \text{force} \times \text{perpendicular separation}$ $= 2.4 \times 10^{-12} \times 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \times \sin 35^\circ$ $= 3.4(4) \times 10^{-15} \text{ N m}$	M1 A1	[2]
	(iv)	<u>either</u> <b>rotates</b> to align with the field <u>or</u> <b>oscillates</b> (about a position) with the positive charge nearer to the earthed plate/clockwise	M1 A1	[2]
5	(a) (i)	arrow from B towards A.....	B1	
	(ii)	$E = V/d$ $= 450/(9.0 \times 10^{-2})$ ..... C1 $= 5.0 \times 10^3 \text{ N C}^{-1}$ (accept 1 sig. fig) ..... A1		[3]
	(b) (i)	energy $= qV$ or $Eqd$ ..... C1 $= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 450$ ..... A1 $= 7.2 \times 10^{-17} \text{ J}$ ..... A0		
	(ii)	$E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$ $7.2 \times 10^{-17} = \frac{1}{2} \times 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \times v^2$ ..... C1 $v = 1.26 \times 10^7 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ ..... A1		[4]
	(c)	line from origin, curved in correct direction but not 'level out' .....	B1	[1]

- 6 (a) (i) arrow in upward direction, foot near P ..... B1
- (ii) curved path consistent with (i) between plates ..... B1  
 then straight (with no kink at change-over) ..... B1 [3]
- (b)  $E = V/d$  ..... C1  
 $= 400 / (0.8 \times 10^{-2})$   
 $= 5.0 \times 10^4 \text{ V m}^{-1}$  ..... (allow 1 sig fig) ..... A1 [2]
- (c) (i)  $F = Eq$  ..... C1  
 $= 5.0 \times 10^4 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$   
 $= 8.0 \times 10^{-15} \text{ N}$  ..... (allow 1 sig fig and e.c.f.) ..... A1
- (ii)  $a = F/m$  ..... C1  
 $= (8.0 \times 10^{-15}) / (9.1 \times 10^{-31})$   
 $= 8.8 \times 10^{15} \text{ m s}^{-2}$  ..... (allow 1 sig fig and e.c.f.) ..... A1 [4]
- (d) because FE is normal to horizontal motion ..... M1  
 no effect ..... A1 [2]

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