Magnetic Fields & Moving Charges

Mark Scheme 1

Level	International A Level
Subject	Physics
Exam Board	CIE
Торіс	Magnetic Fields
Sub Topic	Magnetic Fields & Moving Charges
Paper Type	Theory
Booklet	Mark Scheme 1

Time Allowe	d:	78 minute	78 minutes						
Score:		/65							
Percentage:		/100	/100						
		- TU	JITI	ON					
A*	А	В	С	D	E	U			
>85%	'77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%			

1	(a)		e.g. both transverse/longitudinal/same ty meet at a point, same direction of polarisation, etc1 <i>each, max</i> 3B3 (allow 1 mark for any condition for observable interference)	[3]]
	(b)	(i)1	allow 0.3 mm \rightarrow 3 mmB1		
		(i)	$\lambda = ax/D$ (allow any subject)B1		
		(ii)	separation increasedB1 less brightB1		
		(ii)	separation increasedB1 less brightB1		
		(ii)	separation unchanged	[7]]
(a) (g ra vita	ational		[1]
	(ii)	gravita	ational and electric	B1	[1]
	(iii)	magne magne	etic and one other field given etic, graviational and electric	B1 B1	[2]
(b) (i)	out of	(plane of) paper/page (<i>not "upwards"</i>)	В	[1]
	(ii)	B = r = (= (<i>mv/qr</i> 3.32 × 10 ^{−26} × 7.6 × 10 ⁴)/(1.6 × 10 ^{−19} × 6.1 × 10 ^{−2}) 0.26 T	C1 C1 A1	[3]
(*	c) sk	etch: se	emicircle with diameter < 12.2 cm		[1]

2

3	(a	$F = BIL\sin\theta$	C1	
		= $2.6 \times 10^{-4} \times 5.4 \times 4.7 \times 10^{-4} \times \sin 34^{\circ}$ = $3.69 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$ (allow 1 mark for use of cos 34°)	A1	[2]
	(b)	peak current = $1.7 \times \sqrt{2}$ = 2.4 A	C1	
		max. force = $2.6 \times 10^{-3} \times 2.4 \times 4.7 \times 10^{-2} \times \sin 34^{\circ}$ = $1.64 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$	C1	
		variation = $2 \times 1.64 \times 10^{-4}$ = 3.3×10^{-4} N	A1	[3]
4	(a	smooth curve with decreasing gradient, not starting at $x = 0$ end of line not at $g = 0$ or horizontal	M1 A1	[2]
	(b)	straight line with positive gradient line starts at origin	M1 A1	[2]
	(c)	sinusoidal shape only positive values and peak/trough height constant 4 'loops'	B1 B1 B1	[3]
5	(a	<i>either</i> charge exists in discrete and <u>equal</u> quantities <i>or</i> multiples of elementary charge/ e /1.6 × 10 ⁻¹⁹ C	В	[1]
	(b)) (force due to magnetic field must be upwards B-field into the plane of the pap	B1 B1	[2]
		(ii) sketch showing: deflection consistent with force in (b)(i) reasonable curve	B1 B1	[2]

6	(a)	eleo	ctric and magnetic fields normal to each other	B1	B1		
		eith or for i	er charged particle enters region normal to both fields correct <i>B</i> direction w.r.t. <i>E</i> for zero deflection no deflection, $v = E/B$	B1 B1	[3]		
	(no credit if magnetic field region clearly not overlapping with electric field region)						
		(b) (i) $m = Bqr/v$ = $(640 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 6.2 \times 10^{-2})/(9.6 \times 10^{4})$ = 6.61×10^{-26} kg = $(6.61 \times 10^{-26})/(1.66 \times 10^{-27})$			C1 C		
			$= 40 \mathrm{u}$		А	[4]	
			(ii) $q/m \propto 1/r$ or <i>m</i> constant <u>and</u> $q \propto 1/r$ q/m for A is twice that for B ions in path A have (same mass but) twice the charge (of ions in path B)		B1 B1 B1	[3]	
7	(a	 a force due to magnetic field is constant force is (always) normal to direction of motion this force provides the centripetal force b) mv² / r = Bqv hence q / m = v / Br 		B1			
				A1	[3]		
	(b)			M1 A0	[1]		
	(c)	($q / m = (2.0 \times 10^7) / (2.5 \times 10^{-3} \times 4.5 \times 10^{-2})$ = 1.8 × 10 ¹¹ C kg ⁻¹	C A1	[2]		
		(ii)	sketch: curved path, constant radius, in direction towards bottom of page tangent to curved path on entering and on leaving the field	M1 A1	[2]		

8	(a)	eith or so	<i>ner</i> constant speed parallel to plate accelerated motion/force normal to plate/in direction field not circular	B1 A1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	direction of force due to magnetic field opposite to that due to electric field magnetic field into plane of page	B1 B1	[2]
		(ii)	force due to magnetic field =force due to electric field	B1	
			Bqv = qE $B = Elv$	C1	
			$=(2.8 \times 10^4) \mid (4.7 \times 10^5)$	۸1	-01
			-0.0 x 10- 1	AI	[3]
	(c)	(i)	no change/not deviated	B1	[1]
		(ii)	deviated upwards	B1	[1]
		(iii)	no change/not deviated	B1	[1]

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