## **Moments**

## Question paper 2

Level	International A Level
Subject	Physics
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Forces, Density & Pressure
Sub Topic	Moments
Paper Type	Theory
Booklet	Question paper 2

Time Allowed: 53 minutes

Score: /44

Percentage: /100

A*	Α	В	С	D	Е	U
>85%	'77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

1 Two forces, each of magnitude F, form a couple acting on the edge of a disc of radius r, as shown in Fig. 5.1.

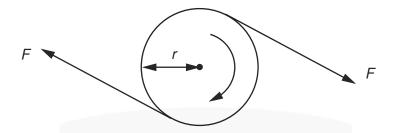


Fig. 5.1

- (a) The disc is made to complete *n* revolutions about an axis through its centre, normal to the plane of the disc. Write down an expression for
  - (i) the distance moved by a point on the circumference of the disc,

distance = .....

(ii) the work done by one of the two forces.

work done = .....[2]

**(b)** Using your answer to **(a)**, show that the work W done by a couple producing a torque T when it turns through n revolutions is given by

$$W = 2\pi nT.$$
 [2]

(c) A car engine produces a torque of  $470\,\mathrm{N}\,\mathrm{m}$  at 2400 revolutions per minute. Calculate the output power of the engine.

power = ...... W [2]

2 (a) Define the moment of a for
----------------------------------

(b)

					[2]
	ditions necess	ary for a b	ody to be ir	n equilibriur	[-]
1					
2					

(c) Two parallel strings  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  are attached to a disc of diameter 12 cm, as shown in Fig. 3.1.

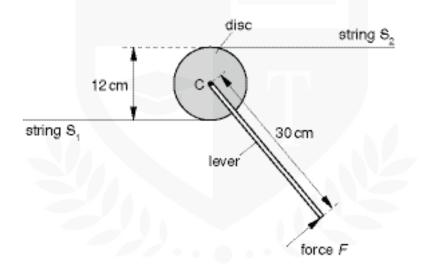


Fig. 3.1

The disc is free to rotate about an axis normal to its plane. The axis passes through the centre C of the disc.

A lever of length 30 cm is attached to the disc. When a force F is applied at right angles to the lever at its end, equal forces are produced in  $S_1$  and  $S_2$ . The disc remains in equilibrium.

(i) On Fig. 3.1, show the direction of the force in each string that acts on the disc.

[1]

(	(ii)	) For a force	<i>F</i> of magnitude	150 N, determine
١,	₩.	,	, oagaa	

**1.** the moment of force *F* about the centre of the disc,

2. the torque of the couple produced by the forces in the strings,

3. the force in  $S_1$ .

3 (a) Define centre of gravity.

.....[2]

**(b)** A uniform rod AB is attached to a vertical wall at A. The rod is held horizontally by a string attached at B and to point C, as shown in Fig. 3.1.

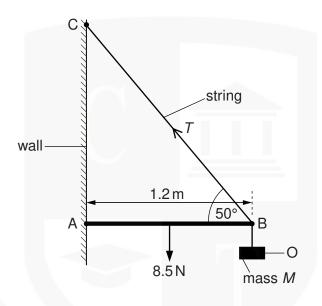


Fig. 3.1

The angle between the rod and the string at B is  $50^{\circ}$ . The rod has length 1.2m and weight 8.5 N. An object O of mass M is hung from the rod at B. The tension T in the string is 30 N.

(i) Use the resolution of forces to calculate the vertical component of T.

(ii) State the principle of moments.

.....

.....[1]

	(iii)	Use the princip the object O is		ike moments about A to	o show that the weight	t of
						[3]
	(iv)	Hence determ	ine the mass <i>M</i> of the	e object O.		
				<i>M</i> =	kg	[1]
(c)	Use	the concept of		n why a force must act	on the rod at A.	
						[2]

A rod AB is hinged to a wall at A. The rod is held horizontally by means of a cord BD, attached to the rod at end B and to the wall at D, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

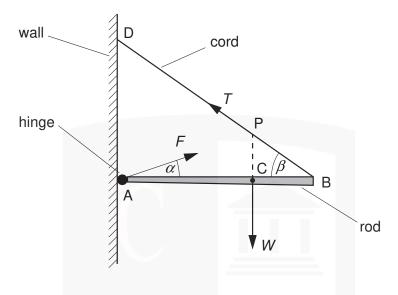


Fig. 2.1

The rod has weight W and the centre of gravity of the rod is at C. The rod is held in equilibrium by a force T in the cord and a force F produced at the hinge.

- (a) Explain what is meant by
  - (ii) the centre of gravity of a body,

    [2]

    (ii) the equilibrium of a body.

(b)	The	line of action	of the weig	ght W of the r	od passes throu	igh the cord at p	ooint P.
		olain why, for the s through poir		e in equilibriu	m, the force <i>F</i> pi	roduced at the h	inge must also
							[2]
(c)		e forces <i>F</i> and wn in Fig. 2.1.		ngles $lpha$ and	eta respectively w	rith the rod and	$AC = \frac{2}{3}AB$ , as
	Wri	te down equat	ions, in ter	ms of <i>F</i> , <i>W</i> ,	$\mathcal{T}$ , $lpha$ and $eta$ , to rep	oresent	
	(i)	the resolution	n of forces	horizontally,			
							[1]
	(ii)	the resolution	n of forces	vertically,			
							[1]
	(iii)	the taking of	moments a	about A.			
							[1]

Two parallel metal plates P and Q are situated 8.0 cm apart in air, as shown in Fig. 6.1. 5

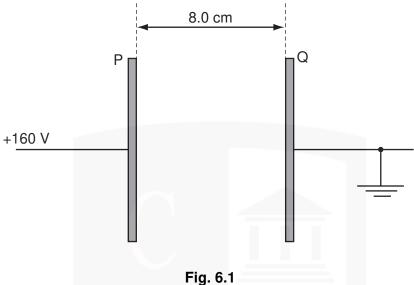
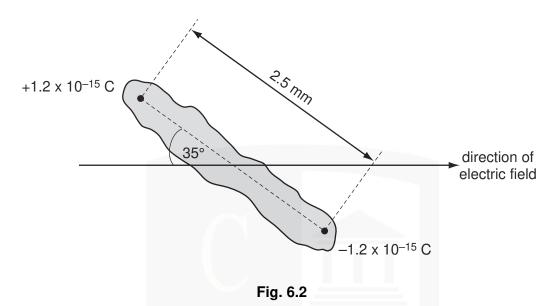


Plate Q is earthed and plate P is maintained at a potential of +160 V.

- On Fig. 6.1, draw lines to represent the electric field in the region between the (a) (i) plates.
  - Show that the magnitude of the electric field between the plates is  $2.0 \times 10^3 \, V \, m^{-1}$ . (ii)

[1]

(b) A dust particle is suspended in the air between the plates. The particle has charges of  $+1.2\times10^{-15}$  C and  $-1.2\times10^{-15}$  C near its ends. The charges may be considered to be point charges separated by a distance of 2.5 mm, as shown in Fig. 6.2.



The particle makes an angle of 35° with the direction of the electric field.

- (i) On Fig. 6.2, draw arrows to show the direction of the force on each charge due to the electric field. [1]
- (ii) Calculate the magnitude of the force on each charge due to the electric field.

(iii) Determine the magnitude of the couple acting on the particle.

(iv) Suggest the subsequent motion of the particle in the electric field.

.....[2