Deformation of Solids

Question paper 7

Level	International A Level
Subject	Physics
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Deformation of Solids
Sub Topic	
Paper Type	Theory
Booklet	Question paper 7

Time Allowed: 33 minutes

Score: /27

Percentage: /100

A*	Α	В	С	D	E	U
>85%	'77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

(a) The kilogram, metre and second are	e SI base units.	
State two other base units.		
1		
2		 2]
(b) Determine the SI base units of		
(i) stress,		
	SI base units[2]
(ii) the Young modulus.		
	SI base units[11
	PRV ONI INF	. 1

1

2	(a)	Underline all the base quantities in the following list.

ampere c ature eight [2]

(b) The potential energy $E_{\rm P}$ stored in a stretched wire is given by

$$E_{\rm P} = \frac{1}{2}C\sigma^2 V$$

where C is a constant, σ is the strain, V is the volume of the wire.

Determine the SI base units of C.

base units[3]

(a)	(i)	State the relation between R , L , A and the resistivity ρ of the material of the wir
	(ii)	Show that the fractional change in resistance $\frac{\Delta R}{R}$ ain in the w
(b)	A st	teel wire has area of cross-section 1.20 $ imes$ 10 $^{-7}$ m 2 and a resistance of 4.17 Ω .
	The	e Young modulus of steel is 2.10×10^{11} Pa.
		e tension in the wire is increased from zero to $72.0\mathrm{N}$. The wire obeys Hooke's lase values of tension.
	Det ans	termine the strain in the wire and hence its change in resistance. Express swer to an appropriate number of significant figures.

- 4 (a) Explain

.....[1]

(b) An elastic cord has an unextended length of 13.0 cm. One end of the cord is attached to a fixed point C. A small mass of weight 5.0 N is hung from the free end of the cord. The cord extends to a length of 14.8 cm, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

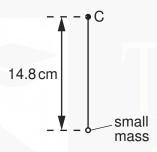
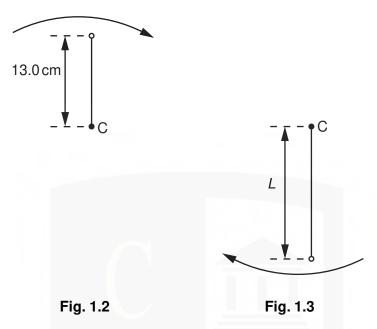


Fig. 1.1

The cord and mass are now made to rotate at constant angular speed ω in a vertical plane about point C. When the cord is vertical and above C, its length is the unextended length of 13.0 cm, as shown in Fig. 1.2.



(i) Show that the angular speed ω of the cord and mass is 8.7 rad s⁻¹.

[2]

(ii) The cord and mass rotate so that the cord is vertically below C, as shown in Fig. 1.3.

Calculate the length *L* of the cord, assuming it obeys Hooke's law.