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# **PURE MATH**

# ALGEBRA AND FUNCTION

Level & Board	EDEXCEL (A-LEVEL)
TOPIC:	FACTOR THEOREM
PAPER TYPE:	QUESTION PAPER -1
TOTAL QUESTIONS	8
TOTAL MARKS	44

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#### Questions

Q1.

$$f(x) = 4x^3 - 12x^2 + 2x - 6$$

- (a) Use the factor theorem to show that (x 3) is a factor of f(x).
- (b) Hence show that 3 is the only real root of the equation f(x) = 0

(4)

(2)

#### (Total for question = 6 marks)



# $g(x) = 4x^3 - 12x^2 - 15x + 50$

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that (x + 2) is a factor of g(x).

(2)

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- (b) Hence show that g(x) can be written in the form  $g(x) = (x + 2)(ax + b)^2$ , where *a* and *b* are integers to be found.

(4)



Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation y = g(x).

- (c) Use your answer to part (b), and the sketch, to deduce the values of x for which
  - (i)  $g(x) \leq 0$
  - (ii) g(2x) = 0

(3) (Total for question = 9 marks)



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Q3.

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 13x^2 + 8x + 48$$

- (a) Prove that (x 4) is a factor of f(x).
- (b) Hence, using algebra, show that the equation f(x) = 0 has only two distinct roots.



#### Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation y = f(x).

(c) Deduce, giving reasons for your answer, the number of real roots of the equation

$$2x^3 - 13x^2 + 8x + 48 = 0$$

(2)

(2)

Given that k is a constant and the curve with equation y = f(x + k) passes through the origin,

(d) find the two possible values of *k*.

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(2) (Total for question = 10 marks) Q4.

# $g(x) = 2x^3 + 4x^2 - 41x - 70$

- (a) Use the factor theorem to show that g(x) is divisible by (x 5).
- (b) Hence, showing all your working, write g(x) as a product of three linear factors.

(4)

(2)

The finite region *R* is bounded by the curve with equation y = g(x) and the *x*-axis, and lies below the *x*-axis.

(c) Find, using algebraic integration, the exact value of the area of *R*.
 (4)
 (4) (Total for question = 10 marks)



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Q5.

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 + ax + a$$
Given that  $(x + 2)$  is a factor of f (x), find the value of the constant a.
(3)
(Total for question = 3 marks)

**Q6**.

(a)

$$f(x) = -3x^3 + 8x^2 - 9x + 10, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

(i) Calculate f (2)

(ii) Write f(x) as a product of two algebraic factors.

Write f(x) as a product of two algebraic factors.

(b) prove that there are exactly two real solutions to the equation

$$3y^6 + 8y^4 - 9y^2 + 10 = 0$$

(2)

(3)

(c) deduce the number of real solutions, for  $7\pi \le \theta < 10\pi$ , to the equation

 $3tan^3\theta - 8tan^2\theta + 9tan\theta - 10 = 0$ 

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(1)

(Total for question = 6 marks)

Q7.

$$f(x) = 3x^3 + 2ax^2 - 4x + 5a$$

Given that (x + 3) is a factor of f(x), find the value of the constant *a*.

(3)

(Total for question = 3 marks)

**Q8**.

$$f(x) = ax^3 + 10x^2 - 3ax - 4$$

Given that (x - 1) is a factor of f(x), find the value of the constant *a*. You must make your method clear.

(3)

(Total for question = 3 marks)

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# **DR. ASHAR RANA**



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