

Phone: +442081445350

www.chemistryonlinetuition.com

Email:asherrana@chemistryonlinetuition.com

PURE MATH

ALGEBRA AND FUNCTION

Level & Board	EDEXCEL (A-LEVEL)
TOPIC:	DIFFERENTIATION
PAPER TYPE:	QUESTION PAPER - 9
FAFLN HIFL.	QUESTION FAFEIX - 9
TOTAL QUESTIONS	8
TOTAL MARKS	43

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Questions

Q1.

A curve has equation

$$y = \sqrt{\cos(3x^3 + 2x)}$$

(a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(3)

(b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing.

(2)

(Total for question = 5 marks)

Q2.

A curve has equation

$$y = (2x^3 - 5x^{2+4})^4$$

(a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(3)

(b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing.

(3)

(Total for question = 6 marks)

Q3.

A curve has equation

$$y = \sqrt{2x^2 + 3x - 1}$$

(a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(2)

(b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing.

(3)

(Total for question = 5 marks)



Q4.

A curve has equation

$$y = e^{2x^2 + 3x}$$

(a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(3)

(3)

(b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing.

(Total for question = 6 marks) A curve has equation $y = \ln(3x^2 + 3x)$ (a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$ (2) (b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing. (2) (Total for question = 4 marks)

Q5.

Q6. A curve has equation $y = \sin(2x^2 + 3x)$ (a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing.

(2) (Total for question = 6 marks)

(4)

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Q7.

A curve has equation

$$y = \sqrt{\ln(2x+1)}$$

(a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(2)

(b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing.

(2)

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q8.

A curve has equation

$$f(x) = \cos(3x^2 + 2x + 1)$$

(a) Find, in simplest form, $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(4)

(b)Hence find the exact range of value of x for which the curve is increasing.

(3)

(Total for question = 7 marks)



DR. ASHAR RANA



- Founder & CEO of Chemistry Online Tuition Ltd.
- Tutoring students in UK and worldwide since 2008
- CIE & EDEXCEL Examiner since 2015
- Chemistry, Physics, and Math's Tutor

CONTACT INFORMATION FOR CHEMISTRY ONLINE TUITION

- · UK Contact: 02081445350
- International Phone/WhatsApp: 00442081445350
- Website: www.chemistryonlinetuition.com
- · Email: asherrana@chemistryonlinetuition.com
- Address: 210-Old Brompton Road, London SW5 OBS, UK