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BIOLOGY

FOUNDATIONS IN BIOLOGY

Level & Board	OCR (A-LEVEL)
TOPIC:	BIOLOGICAL MOLECULES - CARBOHYDRATES
PAPER TYPE:	QUESTION PAPER - 1
TOTAL QUESTIONS	8
TOTAL MARKS	/31

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Biological Molecules - Carbohydrates - 1

1.

(a) The enzyme that breaks down sucrose is called sucrase. Which of the bonds (A to D) does sucrase break? (1)

A: Alpha glycosidic

B: Beta glycosidic

C: Ester

D: Peptide

2.

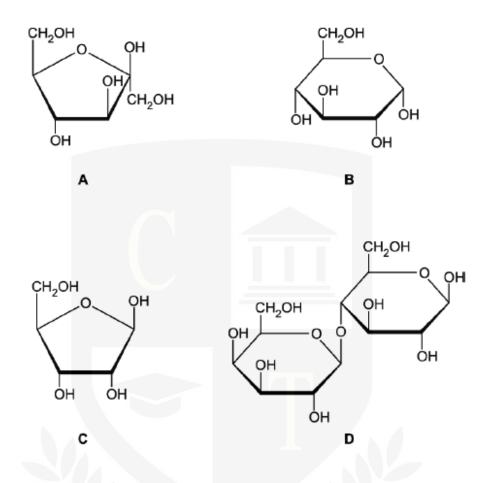
The disaccharide sucrose is the molecule below.

(a) Which of the rows, A through D, best illustrates the kind of reaction that takes place when sucrose breaks down and the monosaccharides that result from it? (1)

	Type of reaction	Monosaccharides
Α	condensation	α glucose α glucose
В	condensation	a glucose fructose
С	hydrolysis	a glucose a glucose
D	hydrolysis	a glucose fructose

3.(a) Which of the following steps (A through D) best illustrates how cellulose is formed? (1)	
A: Condensation polymerisation of amino acid molecules	
B: Condensation polymerisation of β-glucose molecules	_
C: Hydrolysis polymerisation of α-glucose molecules	_
D: Hydrolysis polymerisation of deoxyribose molecules	_
4. (a) Of the molecules A through D, which one is a pentose sugar? (1)	

Dr. Ashar Rana



(a) Since most termites exclusively consume dead plant matter, cellulose serves as their main dietary supply. A polymer is cellulose.

Give the cellulose's monomer's name. (2)

(b) What is the structure of a carbohydrate? (2)



(c) What carbohydrate is found in DNA? (2)



Important chemicals called polymers play both structural and functional roles in living things.

In insects, chitin is a polymer that plays a significant role in the exoskeleton's structure.

Chitin is a polysaccharide-like macromolecule made up of molecules of N-acetylglucosamine, whose structure is depicted in the figure below (Fig. 3.1).

• The chitin molecule is created when the monomers of N-acetylglucosamine link together via 1-4 glycosidic linkages.

(a) What distinguishes a monosaccharide sugar from N-acetylglucosamine in terms of composition? (2)

(b) Which monosaccharide sugar is the closest to N-acetylglucosamine? (2)



(c) Given your understanding of the assembly of structural polysaccharides, explain how the chitin molecule is formed from its monomer and provide a structural prediction. **(2)**

Carbohydrates and lipids are two forms of energy storage in living things.

(a) Identify the molecules of carbohydrates that plants and animals utilize to store energy. (2)



(b) Describe and explain how the various lipid and carbohydrate molecules' structures and characteristics fit them for their function as molecules that stores energy in plants and animals. **(9)**

am Sorry IIIII



Both glucose and cholesterol are bloodstream chemicals that may require monitoring in individuals with various medical disorders. The structure of a cholesterol molecule is shown in Fig. 6.

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(a) Indicate two instances in which the chemical structures of glucose and cholesterol are comparable. (2)

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(b) An essential biological molecule for cellular respiration, glucose is needed by cells. Describe the physical characteristic of glucose that makes it simple for the bloodstream to carry it. **(2)**



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